

No.	Topic	Item
Title and abstract		
S1	Title	Concise description of the nature and topic of the study identifying the study as qualitative or indicating the approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory) or data collection methods (e.g., interview, focus group) is recommended
S2	Abstract	Summary of key elements of the study using the abstract format of the intended publication; typically includes background, purpose, methods, results, and conclusions
Introduction		
S3	Problem formulation	Description and significance of the problem/phenomenon studied; review of relevant theory and empirical work; problem statement
S4	Purpose or research question	Purpose of the study and specific objectives or questions
Methods		
S5	Qualitative approach and research paradigm	Qualitative approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory, case study, phenomenology, narrative research) and guiding theory if appropriate; identifying the research paradigm (e.g., postpositivist, constructivist/interpretivist) is also recommended; rationale ^b
S6	Researcher characteristics and reflexivity	Researchers' characteristics that may influence the research, including personal attributes, qualifications/experience, relationship with participants, assumptions, and/or presuppositions; potential or actual interaction between researchers' characteristics and the research questions, approach, methods, results, and/or transferability
S7	Context	Setting/site and salient contextual factors; rationale ^b
S8	Sampling strategy	How and why research participants, documents, or events were selected; criteria for deciding when no further sampling was necessary (e.g., sampling saturation); rationale ^b
S9	Ethical issues pertaining to human subjects	Documentation of approval by an appropriate ethics review board and participant consent, or explanation for lack thereof; other confidentiality and data security issues
S10	Data collection methods	Types of data collected; details of data collection procedures including (as appropriate) start and stop dates of data collection and analysis, iterative process, triangulation of sources/methods, and modification of procedures in response to evolving study findings; rationale ^b
S11	Data collection instruments and technologies	Description of instruments (e.g., interview guides, questionnaires) and devices (e.g., audio recorders) used for data collection; if/how the instrument(s) changed over the course of the study
S12	Units of study	Number and relevant characteristics of participants, documents, or events included in the study; level of participation (could be reported in results)
S13	Data processing	Methods for processing data prior to and during analysis, including transcription, data entry, data management and security, verification of data integrity, data coding, and anonymization/deidentification of excerpts
S14	Data analysis	Process by which inferences, themes, etc., were identified and developed, including the researchers involved in data analysis; usually references a specific paradigm or approach; rationale ^b
S15	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness and credibility of data analysis (e.g., member checking, audit trail, triangulation); rationale ^b
Results/findings		
S16	Synthesis and interpretation	Main findings (e.g., interpretations, inferences, and themes); might include development of a theory or model, or integration with prior research or theory
S17	Links to empirical data	Evidence (e.g., quotes, field notes, text excerpts, photographs) to substantiate analytic findings
Discussion		
S18	Integration with prior work, implications, transferability, and contribution(s) to the field	Short summary of main findings; explanation of how findings and conclusions connect to, support, elaborate on, or challenge conclusions of earlier scholarship; discussion of scope of application/generalizability; identification of unique contribution(s) to scholarship in a discipline or field
S19	Limitations	Trustworthiness and limitations of findings
Other		
S20	Conflicts of interest	Potential sources of influence or perceived influence on study conduct and conclusions; how these were managed
S21	Funding	Sources of funding and other support; role of funders in data collection, interpretation, and reporting
<p>^aThe authors created the SRQR by searching the literature to identify guidelines, reporting standards, and critical appraisal criteria for qualitative research; reviewing the reference lists of retrieved sources; and contacting experts to gain feedback. The SRQR aims to improve the transparency of all aspects of qualitative research by providing clear standards for reporting qualitative research.</p> <p>^bThe rationale should briefly discuss the justification for choosing that theory, approach, method, or technique rather than other options available, the assumptions and limitations implicit in those choices, and how those choices influence study conclusions and transferability. As appropriate, the rationale for several items might be discussed together.</p>		

O'Brien, Bridget C.; Harris, Ilene B.; Beckman, Thomas J.; Reed, Darcy A.; Cook, David A. Standards for Reporting Qualitative Research: A Synthesis of Recommendations. *Academic Medicine* 89(9):1245-1251, September 2014. doi: 10.1097/ACM.0000000000000388

		Submission	Re-submission
No.	Item	Page number	Page number
S1	Title	1	1
S2	Abstract	3	3
S3	Problem Formulation	4-5	4-5
S4	Purpose or Research Question	5, paragraph 1, lines 4-6	5, paragraph 2, sentence 3 and 6.
S5	Qualitative approach and research paradigm	5, paragraph 2 AND expanded in the supplementary file, page 1	5, paragraph 2, page 6, paragraph 1 sentence 1; supplementary file, pages 1-2, and page 3, paragraph 2
S6	Researcher characteristics and reflexivity	Supplementary file, page 2, paragraph 3	9, paragraph 3 - page 10, paragraphs 1-2; supplementary file, pages 2-3
S7	Context	5, paragraph 3 and page 6, paragraph 1	7, paragraph 1; Supplementary file page 4, paragraph 3- page 5 paragraph 1
S8	Sampling strategy	6, paragraph 2	7, paragraph 2 and page 8 paragraphs 1-3; Supplementary file page 5, paragraph 2-3, page 6, paragraph 1
S9	Ethical issues pertaining to human subjects	5, paragraph 2 and supplementary file, page 6	6, paragraph 2; Supplementary file pages 6-7
S10	Data collection methods	6, paragraph 3	8, paragraph 3; Supplementary file pages 7-8
S11	Data collection instruments and technologies	6, paragraph 3	8, paragraph 3; Supplementary file pages 8-10 (Interview guide)
S12	Units of study	7, paragraph 2 and referenced previous publication for complete demographic data	10, paragraph 3 and Table 1 on page 25
S13	Data processing	6, paragraph 3 and page 7, paragraph 2	8, paragraphs 3-4, - page 9, paragraph 1; Supplementary file pages 10-12, up to

			and including page 12 paragraph 1
S14	Data analysis	7, paragraph 1	9, paragraph 2; Supplementary file page 12, paragraph 2
S15	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness	page 13, paragraph 2; Supplementary file, page 9-10	16, paragraph 3, page 17; supplementary file, page 12, paragraph 3, page 13
S16	Synthesis and interpretation	Results, page 7-11 and Table 1	10-14 (Results) and pages 26-27 (table 2)
S17	Links to empirical data	Table 1	26-27 (table 2)
S18	Integration with prior work, implications, transferability, and contribution(s) to the field	11-13	15, page 16, paragraphs 1-2, page 17, paragraph 2
S19	Limitations	13, paragraph 2	16, paragraph 3 and 17 paragraph 1
S20	Conflicts of interest	2	2
S21	Funding	2	2

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